

Date: 04.05.2022

TEST SERIES PAPER # 06

Time: 2 Hrs

M.M.200

1. Which of the following constitute a Capital Account?
 1. External Commercial Borrowings
 2. Portfolio investment
 3. Bilateral loans
 4. Remittances
 Select the correct answer code:
 (a) 1, 2, 3 (b) 1, 2, 4 (c) 2, 3, 4 (d) 1, 2, 3, 4
2. The Financial Stability Report is published by:
 - (a) Financial Stability and Development Council
 - (b) Reserve Bank of India
 - (c) Securities and Exchange Board of India
 - (d) National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development
3. "Most Favoured Nation" provision is related to which of the following?
 - (a) WTO (b) IMF (c) AIIB (d) World Bank
4. "Special Safeguard Mechanism" of WTO is related to which of the following?
 - (a) Agriculture sector (b) Automobiles sector
 - (c) Services sector (d) Financial sector
5. "Lorenz Curve" is related to which of the following?
 - (a) Inflation (b) Tax revenue
 - (c) Income inequality (d) Public debt
6. For which of the following sector, government of India has approved the setting up of PM MITRA parks?
 - (a) Textile (b) Electric Vehicles
 - (c) Mobile Phones (d) Solar Panels
7. Consider the following statements about World Trade Organizations:
 1. The World Trade Organization (WTO) is the only global international organization dealing with the rules of trade between nations.
 2. WTO replaced the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT) in 2005.
 Which of the statements given above is/are incorrect?
 - (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
8. The ratio of total agricultural output to total production inputs is known as:
 - (a) Agricultural Productivity
 - (b) Yield
 - (c) Total Factor Productivity
 - (d) None
9. Consider the following statements with respect to the International Monetary Fund (IMF):
 1. The IMF's primary purpose is to ensure the stability of the international monetary system.
 2. The IMF raises its resources only through member countries.
 Which of the following codes below is/are correct?
 - (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
10. NIRF Rankings is related to which of the following?
 - (a) Education (b) Health (c) Financial services (d) Automobile

11. In money market trading is done on a rate known as discount rate which is determined by?
 (a) Repo rate (b) Reverse repo rate
 (c) Cash reserve ratio (d) Statutory liquidity ratio
12. The validity time period of a patent in India is how many years?
 (a) 5 years (b) 10 years (c) 20 years (d) 30 years
13. The Silver line project is sometimes seen in news is related to which of the following states?
 (a) Goa (b) Karnataka (c) Andhra Pradesh (d) Kerala
14. Which of the following term is used for a grant to support projects that are economically justified but not financially viable?
 (a) Viability Gap Fund (b) Hedge funding
 (c) Crowd funding (d) Angel Funding
15. Utkarsh 2022, sometimes seen in the news, is related to which of the following?
 (a) Regulation and functions of Central Bank
 (b) Foreign Trade
 (c) Skill development
 (d) Doubling farmer's income
16. Consider the following statements with respect to "National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI)":
 1. It is an initiative of RBI and Indian Banks' Association (IBA).
 2. It has launched RuPay, a card payment scheme.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
 (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
17. Which of the following is/are correctly matched?
- | Committee/Panel | Significance |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Ranga Rajan Committee | : Balance of Payments |
| 2. Vijay Kelkar Committee | : Goods & Service Tax |
| 3. Tarapore Committee | : Committee on Trade policy |
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
 (a) 1, 2 and 3 (b) 2 and 3 only
 (c) 1 and 2 only (d) 1 only
18. Which of the following is/are characteristics of a Public good?
 1. non-excludability 2. Non rival Consumption
 3. Non rejectable
 Select the correct answer using the code given below:
 (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only
 (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3
19. Consider the following statements regarding the Annual Survey of Industries (ASI):
 1. It is conducted by the Department for Promotion of Industry & Internal Trade.
 2. It covers both formal and informal industries.
 Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
 (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

20. Gross National Product (GNP) is the GDP of a country added with its 'income from abroad'. Which of the following is/are part of income from abroad in India?

1. Private Remittances
2. External grants
3. Interest on External loans

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

21. Consider the following statements:

1. 'Factory Price' is the 'input cost' the producer has to incur in the process of producing something.
2. 'Market cost' is derived after deducting the indirect taxes to the factor cost of the product.

Which of the statements above given is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

22. "LERMS" is related to which of the following?

- (a) Banking sector (b) Industries sector
(c) Exchange rate (d) Infrastructure sector

23. Which of the following are instruments of Monetary Policy of Reserve Bank of India (RBI)?

1. Repo rate
2. Reverse Repo rate
3. Cash Reserve Ratio
4. Open Market Operations (OMOs)

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only (b) 1, 2 and 3 only
(c) 1, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

24. A facility under which scheduled commercial banks can borrow additional amounts of overnight money from the Reserve Bank by dipping into their Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) portfolio up to a limit at a penal rate of interest – describes which of the following?

- (a) Marginal Standing Facility (b) Open Market Operations
(c) Cash Reserve Ratio (d) Sterilization

25. Which of the following statements is/are correct about "small finance banks"?

1. Small finance banks are universal banks.
2. Small Finance Banks were recommended by the Usha Thorat committee.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

26. Consider the following statements regarding the "steel sector in India":

1. India is the 2nd largest producer of crude steel in the world after United States of America.
2. India is the second largest consumer of steel in the world.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

27. Consider the following statements regarding Foreign Portfolio Investment (FPI):
1. FPIs are short term investments and volatile in nature.
 2. Portfolio investment does not offer control over the business entity in which the investment is made.
- Which of the statements above given is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
28. Which of the following measures will spur economic growth?
1. Transparent and hassle-free land acquisition.
 2. Availability of Skilled labour.
 3. Lower interest rates in the economy.
 4. Decrease in effective demand.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- (a) 1, 2 and 3 (b) 2, 3 and 4 (c) 1, 3 and 4 (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
29. With reference to the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA), which of the following statements is/are correct?
1. It is a statutory body.
 2. The chairman and its members are appointed by government.
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below:
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
30. Which of the following plan is associated with P C Mahalanobis?
- (a) First five-year plan (b) Second five-year plan
(c) Sixth five-year plan (d) Ninth five-year plan
31. Who among the following are eligible under portfolio investment scheme (PIS)?
1. Persons of Indian Origin (PIOs)
 2. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)
 3. Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs)
- Select the correct answer code:
- (a) 1, 2 (b) 1, 3 (c) 2, 3 (d) 1, 2, 3
32. Consider the following statements regarding the Sarvodaya Plan.
1. The Sarvodaya Plan was formulated by Acharya Vinoba Bave, the eminent Gandhian constructive worker.
 2. The plan drew its major inspiration from the Gandhian techniques of constructive works by the community and trusteeship .
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
33. Garibi Hatao was a main objective of which of the following five-year plan?
- (a) Fourth five-year plan (b) Third five-year plan
(c) Sixth five-year plan (d) Fifth five-year plan

34. Consider the following statements regarding Ad valorem tax.
1. Ad valorem tax is a form of direct tax.
 2. It is imposed on the basis of the monetary value of the taxed item.
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
35. Which of the following can lead to Demand-Pull Inflation?
1. A growing economy
 2. Increase in Forex reserves
 3. Deficit financing by the government
 4. Depreciation of rupee
- Select the correct answer code:
- (a) 1, 2, 3 (b) 1, 3, 4 (c) 2, 3 (d) 1, 2, 3, 4
36. In WTO terminology, subsidies in general are identified by “boxes” which are given different colours. Consider the following statements about them.
1. Amber Box: Domestic support measures considered to distort production and trade
 2. Green box: Subsidies are allowed even if they distort trade.
 3. Blue Box: No limits on subsidies or spending
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?
- (a) 1, 2 (b) 2, 3 (c) 1, 3 (d) 1, 2, 3
37. Which of the following taxes are not subsumed under GST?
1. Taxes on lottery, betting and gambling.
 2. Entertainment Tax
 3. Tax levied by the local bodies
- Select the correct answer code:
- (a) 1, 3 (b) 3 only (c) 2, 3 (d) 1, 2
38. Who is the First woman Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Board of India?
- (a) Rekha Sharma (b) Arundhati Bhattacharya
(c) Madhabi Puri Buch (d) None of the above
39. The Chairman of Securities and Exchange Board of India is appointed by the _____.
- (a) Central Government (b) Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
(c) Stock Exchanges (d) None of the above
40. Why the Reserve Bank of India is known as ‘lender of last resort’?
1. It provides lending facilities to the banks at all times.
 2. It provides foreign exchange to the government for meeting its import obligations.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
41. Which of the following is an appropriate description of disinflation?
- (a) It is a slowdown in the rate of increase of the general price level of goods and services
(b) It is a sudden fall in the value of a currency against other currencies.
(c) It is a persistent fall in the general price level of goods and services.
(d) It is a steep increase in the price level of export items.

42. Which of the following curve shows that inflation and unemployment have a stable and inverse relationship?
- (a) Phillips Curve (b) Kuznets Curve
(c) Laffer Curve (d) Lorenz Curve
43. The marginal productivity of labour force becomes zero in which of the following types of unemployment?
- (a) Disguised unemployment (b) Seasonal unemployment
(c) Frictional Unemployment (d) Structural unemployment
44. With reference to the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956, consider the following statements:
1. It formed the basis of the Second Five Year plan.
 2. It rejected the role of the private sector
- In the development of the Indian economy. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
45. Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFC) are registered under which act?
- (a) Companies Act, 1970 (b) Companies Act, 1956
(c) Companies Act, 1967 (d) Companies Act, 1958
46. In the context of polity, who among the following can be termed as the 'Permanent Executive'?
- (a) Council of Ministers (b) Cabinet
(c) President (d) Bureaucracy
47. Consider the following statements regarding the office of President:
1. During his term, criminal proceedings can be initiated against him only in respect of his personal acts.
 2. No civil proceedings can be instituted against him during his term.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
48. The Pro Tem Speaker of the Lok Sabha is:
- (a) Elected by the members of the Lok Sabha.
(b) Nominated by the outgoing Speaker.
(c) Nominated by the Party in the majority.
(d) Appointed by the President.
49. Parliamentary tools Kangaroo and Guillotine are associated with which of the following motions?
- (a) Privilege Motion
(b) Calling Attention Motion
(c) Adjournment Motion
(d) Closure Motion
50. In the context of Indian Parliament, a casting vote refers to a voting power exercised by the:
- (a) Vice-President during motion for impeachment of the President.
(b) Nominated members of a House in case of Parliamentary deadlock.
(c) Presiding officer of a House in case of an equality of votes.
(d) Protem Speaker during the first sitting of the Parliament.

51. Consider the following statements.

1. The Government of India (GoI) Act of 1935 provided for a three-fold enumeration, viz., federal, provincial and concurrent subjects for legislation.
2. In the GoI Act 1935, residuary powers were given to the Central legislature.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

52. The rights enlisted under the 'Right to freedom of religion' can be restricted on the grounds of:

1. Public Order
2. Health
3. Morality

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

53. Which of the following has been described as the 'horoscope of our sovereign democratic republic'?

- (a) Fundamental Rights (b) Directive Principles of State Policy
(c) Preamble (d) Fundamental Duties

54. The expression 'Union of India' under Article 1 of the Indian Constitution includes which of the following?

1. Territories of the states
2. Union territories
3. Territories that may be acquired by the Government of India at any time.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 3 only

55. Name of a state can be altered by Parliament through a bill passed by:

- (a) Simple majority of Parliament
(b) Special majority of Parliament
(c) Special majority of Parliament and ratification by the state legislature
(d) Absolute majority of Parliament

56. The Government of India Act of 1919 provided for the:

1. Adoption of diarchy at the provinces and Centre respectively.
2. Appointment of a statutory Commission to inquire into and report on the working of this Act
3. Establishment of a Public Service Commission

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

57. Which of the following is an essential feature of democracy?

- (a) People directly take all the major decisions.
(b) Each adult resident must have one vote of equal value.
(c) Government is limited by basic rules of the constitution and citizens's rights.
(d) Frequent conduction of referendums to solicit people's opinion.

58. Which of the following committees of the Constituent Assembly were headed by Sardar Patel?
1. Provincial Constitution Committee
 2. Advisory Committee on Fundamental Rights, Minorities and Tribal and Excluded Areas
 3. States Committee

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 1 and 3 only
(c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

59. Who among the following do not hold office during the pleasure of the President?

1. Attorney General
2. Comptroller and Auditor General
3. Members of Union Public Service Commission
4. Chief Election Commissioner

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
(c) 1, 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2 and 4 only

60. In order to set free an arrested person if the manner or grounds of arrest are not lawful which of the following writs is the court likely to issue?

- (a) Habeas corpus (b) Certiorari
(c) Mandamus (d) Prohibition

61. 'Doctrine of Basic structure' limits the power of which of the following?

- (a) President (b) Supreme court and High courts
(c) Cabinet (d) Parliament

62. With reference to the constituent assembly, consider the following statements:

1. It was setup based on the proposals under the Mountbatten plan.
2. It held its first sitting before India became independent.
3. Its members were chosen by indirect election by the members of the Provincial Legislative Assemblies.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 3 only
(c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

63. Who among these enjoys all the privileges and immunities that are available to a member of Parliament?

- (a) Chief Election Commissioner (b) Chief Vigilance Commissioner
(c) Attorney General (d) Comptroller and Auditor General

64. Which Article of the Constitution of India safeguards one's right to privacy?

- (a) Article 19 (b) Article 21 (c) Article 25 (d) Article 29

65. Which of the following constitutional amendments are related to or affect fundamental duties?

1. 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act
2. 44th Constitutional Amendment Act
3. 96th Constitutional Amendment Act

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only
(c) 1 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

66. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?
- (a) Indian Councils Act, 1892 - Principle of Election
 (b) Indian Councils Act, 1909 - Responsible Government
 (c) Government of India Act, 1919 - Provincial Autonomy
 (d) Government of India Act, 1935 - Dyarchy in States
67. Who among the following moved the "Objectives Resolution" in the Constituent Assembly?
- (a) B.N.Rao (b) B.R.Ambedkar
 (c) Jawahar Lal Nehru (d) Rajendra Prasad
68. Consider the following statements:
1. Dr. Sachchidanand Sinha was elected as the Provisional President of the Constituent Assembly.
 2. H.C.Mukherjee was elected as the Vice-President of the Constituent Assembly.
- Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?
- (a) only 1 (b) only 2
 (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2
69. The power of the President of India to issue ordinance is a/an:
- (a) Executive power (b) Legislative power
 (c) Constituent power (d) Quasi-judicial power
70. Who among the following do not participate in the election of the President of India?
- (a) Elected Members of the Rajya Sabha
 (b) Elected Members of the Lok Sabha
 (c) Elected Members of the Vidhan Sabha
 (d) Elected Members of the Vidhan Parishads
71. Which of the following features are present in the Indian Constitution?
1. Multiple procedures for amendment.
 2. States are not empowered to initiate amendment.
 3. Joint-sitting of Parliament to resolve disputes regarding constitutional amendment.
- Select the correct answer from the codes given below:
- (a) 1 and 3 (b) 1 and 2
 (c) 2 and 3 (d) 1, 2 and 3
72. Disputes between States come to the Supreme Court under:
- (a) Appellate jurisdiction
 (b) Original Jurisdiction
 (c) Advisory jurisdiction
 (d) Writ Jurisdiction
73. Which of the following is an example of "Pigovian Tax"?
- (a) Tax on Diesel
 (b) Education Cess
 (c) Value Added Tax (VAT)
 (d) Compulsory contribution for disaster relief
74. In the context of polity, which one of the following would you accept as the most appropriate definition of liberty?
- (a) Protection against the tyranny of political rulers.
 (b) Absence of restraint.
 (c) Opportunity to do whatever one likes.
 (d) Opportunity to develop oneself fully.

75. Miyawaki method, sometimes seen in the news, is
- a method of calculating inequality.
 - a process of distilling ethanol.
 - a method of calculating real GDP.
 - a method of afforestation.
76. In the context of the Indian Economy, what are Ways and Means advances?
- These are part of the infrastructure projects financing mechanism by the National Investment and Infrastructure Fund.
 - These are loans advanced by the World Bank to developing economies.
 - These are temporary loans advanced by RBI to central and state governments.
 - These are loans advanced by the IMF to overcome the financial crisis.
77. In the context of Indian economic history, which of the following was constituted as earliest?
- Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI)
 - National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)
 - Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA)
 - Regional Rural Banks
78. The term “Crowding out Effect”, often seen in news, is related to which of the following?
- Rise in individual investment
 - Rise in foreign investment
 - Rise in borrowing of government
 - Rise in private sector borrowings
79. Which of the following subsidies is/are covered under “Green Box of WTO”?
- Public storage for food security.
 - Pest and disease control.
 - Crop and income insurance.
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below: *MPPSC Examination*
- 1 only
 - 1 and 2 only
 - 2 and 3 only
 - 1,2 and 3
80. “Ricardian Equivalence Proposition (REP)” is associated with which of the following?
- Foreign Trade
 - Money Supply
 - Government spending
 - Industrial expansion
81. Consider the following statements
- Fundamental rights are negative as they prohibit the state from doing certain things whereas Directive principles are positive as they require the State to do certain things
 - Fundamental rights do not require any legislation for their implementation whereas directive principles require legislation for their implementation.
- Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?
- 1 only
 - 2 only
 - Both 1 and 2
 - Neither 1 nor 2

82. The notion of 'Freedom', in a society, implies

1. Absence of external constraints
2. All decisions are made collectively
3. Conditions in which people can develop their abilities

Select the correct answer using the codes below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only
(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

83. Consider the following statements regarding Government of India Act of 1935.

1. It abolished dyarchy in the provinces and introduced 'provincial autonomy' in its place.
2. It abolished the Council of India, established by the Government of India Act of 1919.
3. It provided for the establishment of an All-India Federation consisting of provinces and princely states as units.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only
(c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 1 and 3 only

84. The idea of residuary powers in the Indian Constitution was borrowed from the Constitution of

- (a) France (b) Australia (c) UK (d) Canada

85. Consider the following statements

1. 42nd Amendment Act restricted the powers of Judicial Review
2. 52nd Amendment Act introduced the anti-defection provisions in the Constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

86. Which of the following writs can be issued against administrative authorities?

- (a) Mandamus, Prohibition and Certiorari
(b) Mandamus and Certiorari
(c) Mandamus and Prohibition
(d) Prohibition and Certiorari

87. Primary Deficit is defined as the difference between:

- (a) Fiscal deficit and grants for creation of capital assets.
(b) Fiscal deficit and net interest liabilities.
(c) Total expenditure and revenue receipts including non-debt creating capital receipts.
(d) Fiscal deficit and external grants received.

88. Consider the following statements

1. The term 'Federation' has nowhere been used in the Constitution.
2. Indian Federation is the result of an agreement by the states.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

89. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Market price is obtained from GDP at Factor cost by
- Adjusting for depreciation
 - Accounting for inflation
 - Adjusting for net indirect taxes
 - Adjusting for current transfers from abroad
90. Which of the following committees was constituted to review the implementation of the FRBM (Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management) Act and give its recommendations on the way forward?
- Vijay Kelkar Committee
 - Rangachary Committee
 - N. K. Singh Committee
 - P. J. Nayak Committee
91. If RBI reduces the cash reserve ratio, what will happen to the credit creation?
- There will be no impact.
 - It will decrease.
 - It will increase.
 - None of the above
92. Which among the following is not a Maharatna company?
- Coal India Limited
 - Steel Authority of India Limited
 - Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited
 - None of these
93. Which among the following is not a factor of production?
- Land
 - Labour
 - Capital
 - Wages
94. What is External commercial borrowing?
- Borrowings of Indian government
 - Foreign investments in India
 - Indian investments abroad
 - Indian corporations accessing foreign funds
95. The Sixth Schedule of the Indian Constitution deals with the administration and control of Scheduled Areas and Scheduled Tribes in the four states of :
- Manipur, Mizoram, Tripura and Nagaland
 - Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram
 - Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland
 - Assam, Meghalaya, Mizoram and Nagaland
96. A rise in SENSEX means
- a rise in prices of shares of all companies registered with Bombay Stock Exchange.
 - a rise in prices of shares of all companies registered with National Stock Exchange.
 - a rise in prices of shares of all companies belonging to group of companies registered with Bombay Stock Exchange.
 - None of the above.
97. During which decade did the population record a negative growth rate in India?
- 1921-1931
 - 1911-1921
 - 1941-1951
 - 1941
98. BOP (Balance of payment) refers to
- transaction in the flow of capital.
 - transactions relating to receipts and payment of invisible.
 - transactions related only to export and imports.
 - systematic record of all its economic transactions with the rest of the world.

99. In the context of any country, which one of the following would be considered as part of its social capital?
- (a) The proportion of literates in the population.
 - (b) The stock of its buildings, other infrastructure and machines.
 - (c) The size of the population in the working group.
 - (d) The level of mutual trust and harmony in the society.
100. District Judges are appointed by
- (a) The Chief Justice of High Court.
 - (b) The State Public Service Commission.
 - (c) The Chief Minister of state.
 - (d) The Governor of state.



TEST SERIES PAPER NO.6 ENGLISH

DATE: 04.05.2022

Ques	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans	A	B	A	A	C	A	B	C	A	A
Ques	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans	A	C	D	A	A	C	C	D	D	D
Ques	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans	A	C	D	A	D	B	C	A	C	B
Ques	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Ans	D	B	D	B	D	C	B	C	A	A
Ques	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Ans	A	A	A	A	B	D	D	D	D	C
Ques	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Ans	A	D	C	A	A	C	C	A	B	A
Ques	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
Ans	D	C	C	B	C	A	C	C	B	D
Ques	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Ans	B	B	A	D	D	C	D	C	B	C
Ques	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Ans	D	C	D	D	C	B	B	A	C	C
Ques	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Ans	C	D	D	D	B	C	B	D	D	D